

Infrared Remote AppKit (#29122)

A Wireless Keypad for Your BASIC Stamp® Microcontroller Module

With a universal remote and an infrared receiver, you can add a wireless keypad to your BASIC Stamp Applications. The IR receiver is inexpensive, and only takes one I/O pin. Universal remotes are also inexpensive, easy to obtain and replace, and have enough buttons for most applications. The parts in this kit along with the example programs make it possible to enter values and control your projects in the same way you might with a TV, VCR, or other entertainment system component.

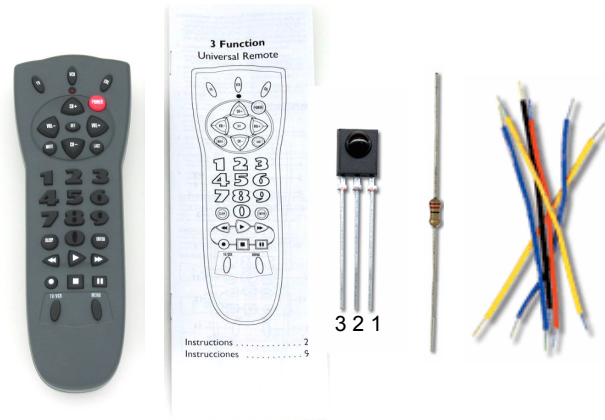
IR Remotes can also add zing to your robotics projects. While this package insert provides you with the essential background information, circuits, and example programs to get started, you can learn lots more with *IR Remote for the Boe-Bot* by Andy Lindsay of Parallax Inc. This text is, for the most part, a continuation of *Robotics with the Boe-Bot*, but with an IR remote twist. It follows the same format in terms of introducing new hardware, explaining how things work, and demonstrating new PBASIC techniques. IR remote applications for the Boe-Bot® robot include remote control, keypad entry control, hybrid autonomous and remote control, and remote motion sequence programming.

Kit Contents*

Infrared Remote Parts List:

- (1) 020-00001 Universal Remote and Universal Remote Manual
- (1) 350-00014 IR detector
- (1) 150-02210 Resistor – 220 Ω
- (1) 800-00016 Jumper wires – bag of 10

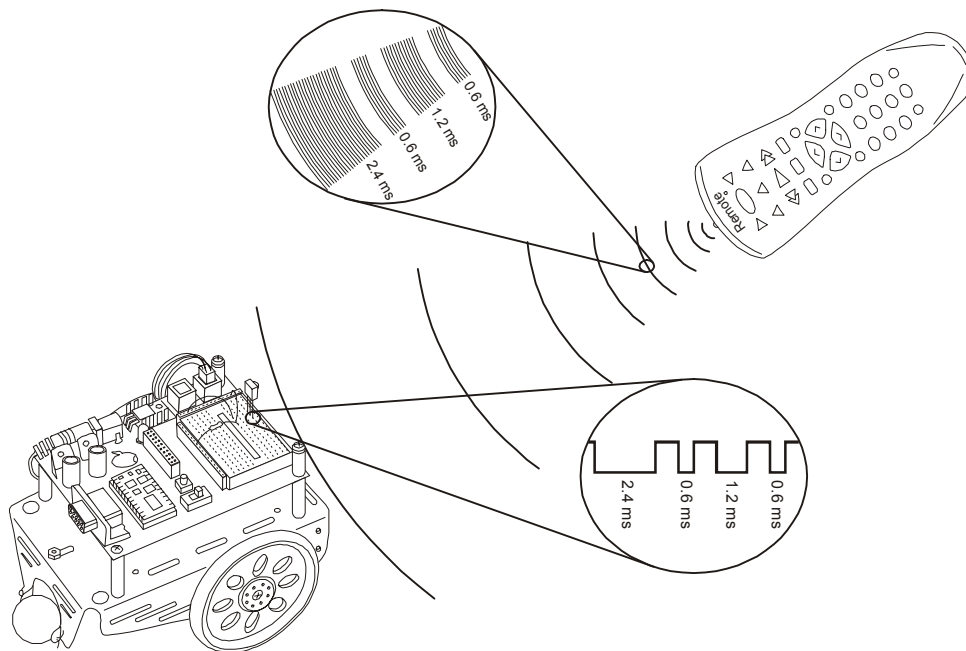
*Requires 2 alkaline AA batteries, not included



How IR Communication Works

The universal remote sends messages by strobing its IR LED at 38.5 kHz for brief periods of time. The actual data is contained in the amount of time each strobe lasts. Each IR protocol is different. In general, the amount of time each 38.5 kHz signal lasts transmits some kind of message. One duration might indicate the start of a message, while another indicates a binary-1, and still another indicates a binary-0.

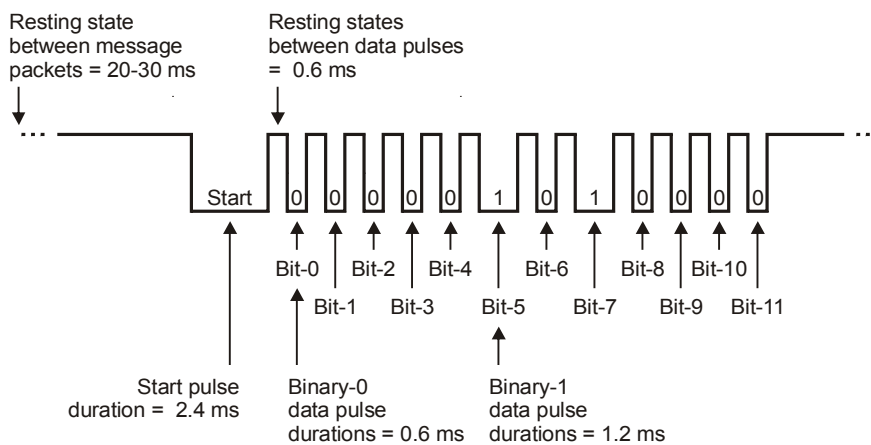
The IR detector's output pin sends a low signal while it detects the 38.5 kHz IR signal, and a high signal while it does not. So, a low signal of one duration might indicate the start of a message, while another indicates a binary-1, and still another indicates a binary-0. This communication scheme is called pulse width modulation (PWM), because when it is graphed against time, the IR detector's high/low signals form pulses of different widths that correspond to their durations.



**Handheld Remote
Infrared Messages**

Excerpt from *IR Remote for the Boe-Bot* text.

The examples here will rely on the protocol that universal remotes use to control SONY® TV sets. This protocol strobes the IR thirteen times with roughly a half-millisecond rest between each pulse. It results in thirteen negative pulses from the IR detector that the BASIC Stamp can easily measure. The first pulse is the start pulse, which lasts for 2.4 ms. The next twelve pulses will either last for 1.2 ms (binary-1) or 0.6 ms (binary-0). The first seven data pulses contain the IR message that indicates which key is pressed. The last five pulses contain a binary value that specifies whether the message is intended to be sent to a TV, VCR, CD, DVD player, etc. The pulses are transmitted in LSB-first order, so the first data pulse is bit-0, the next data pulse is bit-1, and so on. If you press and hold a key on the remote, the same message will be re-sent after a 20 to 30 ms rest.

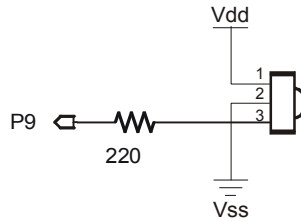


**IR Message Timing
Diagram**

*Values are approximate
and will vary from one
remote to the next*

IR Detection Circuit

For testing purposes, all you need is this IR detector circuit and the BASIC Stamp Editors's Debug Terminal.



IR Detector Circuit

IR detector viewed from the top. Also see Kit Contents figure for pin map.

BASIC Stamp 2 "Bare-Bones" Example – IrRemoteCodeCapture.bs2

This example program demonstrates how to capture and display a remote code with the BASIC Stamp 2. If you modify the \$STAMP directive, it can also be used with the BASIC Stamp 2e or 2 pe.

- ✓ First, make sure to use the documentation that comes with your universal remote to configure it to control a SONY® TV.
- ✓ Press the TV button on your remote so that you know it is sending TV signals.
- ✓ Download or hand enter and run IrRemoteCodeCapture.bs2
- ✓ Point the remote at the IR detector, and press/release the digit keys.
- ✓ Also try POWER, CH+/-, VOL+/-, and ENTER to view the codes for these values.

```
' Ir Remote Application - IrRemoteCodeCapture.bs2
' Process incoming SONY remote messages & display remote code.

' {$STAMP BS2}
' {$PBASIC 2.5}

' SONY TV IR remote variables

irPulse      VAR      Word      ' Stores pulse widths
remoteCode   VAR      Byte      ' Stores remote code

DEBUG "Press/release remote buttons..."

DO                                                    ' Main DO...LOOP

  remoteCode = 0

DO                                                    ' Wait for end of resting state.
  RCTIME 9, 1, irPulse
LOOP UNTIL irPulse > 1000

PULSIN 9, 0, irPulse                                ' Get data pulses.
IF irPulse > 500 THEN remoteCode.BIT0 = 1
RCTIME 9, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > 300 THEN remoteCode.BIT1 = 1
RCTIME 9, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > 300 THEN remoteCode.BIT2 = 1
```

```

RCTIME 9, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > 300 THEN remoteCode.BIT3 = 1
RCTIME 9, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > 300 THEN remoteCode.BIT4 = 1
RCTIME 9, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > 300 THEN remoteCode.BIT5 = 1
RCTIME 9, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > 300 THEN remoteCode.BIT6 = 1

' Map digit keys to actual values.
IF (remoteCode < 10) THEN remoteCode = remoteCode + 1
IF (remoteCode = 10) THEN remoteCode = 0

DEBUG CLS, ? remoteCode

LOOP                                     ' Repeat main DO...LOOP

```

How IrRemoteCodeCapture.bs2 Works

Each time through the outermost DO...LOOP, the value of remoteCode is cleared. There's also an inner DO...LOOP with an RCTIME command to detect the end of a high signal that lasted longer than 2 ms. This indicates that the rest between message packets just ended, and the start pulse is beginning. The first PULSIN command captures the first data pulse, and the IF...THEN statement that follows uses the value of the irPulse variable to either set (or leave clear) the corresponding bit in the remoteCode variable. Since the next data pulse has already started while the IF...THEN statement was executing, the remainder of the next data pulse is measured with an RCTIME command. This next value is again used to either set (or leave clear) the next bit in remoteCode. This is repeated five more times to get the rest of the useful part of the IR message and set/clear the rest of the bits in remoteCode.

The BS2sx and BS2p handle remote codes a little differently. The programs usually search for the actual start pulse with a PULSIN command instead of searching for the resting state between messages. They also use PULSIN commands to capture all the pulses since the IF...THEN statements that sets bits in the remoteCode variable complete before the starting edge of the next data pulse. To see a code example that does this, see the #CASE statement for the BS2sx and BS2p inside the next example program's Get_Ir_Remote_Code subroutine.

BASIC Stamp 2 Series Application Example – IrRemoteButtonDisplay.bs2

You can use this application example with BASIC Stamp 2, 2e, 2sx, 2p or 2pe modules to test your remote and display which key you pressed.

- √ As with the previous example program, make sure your remote is configured to control a SONY TV first.
- √ Update the \$Stamp directive for the BASIC Stamp module you are using.
- √ Download or hand enter, then run IrRemoteButtonDisplay.bs2.
- √ Point the remote at the IR detector, press and release buttons
- √ Make sure the Debug Terminal reports the correct button. Start with digits, channel, volume, etc.

You can modify or expand the SELECT...CASE statement to test for VCR keys defined in the Constants section (Play, Stop, Rewind, etc.). There are usually several different codes for configuring universal remotes to control SONY VCRs, so you may need to try a few before finding the code that makes the

remote speak the same PWM language as the TV controller. You can determine if the code worked because number, CH/VOL+/-, and POWER keys will still work after you have pressed the VCR button.

```
' -----[ Title ]-----
' Ir Remote Application - IrRemoteButtonDisplay.bs2

' Process incoming SONY remote signals and display the corresponding button
' in the Debug Terminal.

' {$STAMP BS2}                ' BS2, 2sx, 2e, 2p, or 2pe
' {$PBASIC 2.5}

' -----[ Revision History ]-----

' V1.0 - Supports most SONY TV and VCR control buttons.
'       Supports BASIC Stamp 2, 2SX, 2e, 2p, and 2pe modules.

' -----[ I/O Definitions ]-----

' SONY TV IR remote declaration - input receives from IR detector

IrDet          PIN      9                ' I/O pin to IR detector output

' -----[ Constants ]-----

' Pulse duration constants for SONY remote.

#SELECT $stamp
#CASE BS2, BS2E, BS2PE          ' PULSE durations
  ThresholdStart CON 1000      ' Message rest vs. data rest
  ThresholdPulse  CON 500      ' Binary 1 vs. 0 for PULSIN
  ThresholdEdge   CON 300      ' Binary 1 vs. 0 for RCTIME
#CASE BS2P, BS2SX
  ThresholdStart CON 2400      ' Binary 1 vs. start pulse
  ThresholdPulse CON 500 * 5 / 2 ' Binary 1 vs. 0 for PULSIN
#CASE #ELSE
  #ERROR This BASIC Stamp NOT supported.
#ENDSELECT

' SONY TV IR remote constants for non-keypad buttons

Enter          CON      11
ChUp           CON      16
ChDn           CON      17
VolUp          CON      18
VolDn          CON      19
Mute           CON      20
Power          CON      21
TvLast        CON      59          ' AKA PREV CH
```

```

' SONY VCR IR remote constants

' IMPORTANT: Before you can make use of these constants, you must
' also follow the universal remote instructions to set your remote
' to control a SONY VCR. Not all remote codes work, so you may have to
' test several.

VcrStop          CON      24
VcrPause         CON      25
VcrPlay          CON      26
VcrRewind        CON      27
VcrFastForward  CON      28
VcrRecord        CON      29

' Function keys

FnSleep          CON      54
FnMenu           CON      96

' -----[ Variables ]-----

' SONY TV IR remote variables

irPulse          VAR      Word      ' Stores pulse widths
remoteCode       VAR      Byte      ' Stores remote code

' -----[ Initialization ]-----

DEBUG "Press/release remote buttons..."

' -----[ Main Routine ]-----

' Replace this button testing DO...LOOP with your own code.

DO                ' Main DO...LOOP

GOSUB Get_Ir_Remote_Code      ' Call remote code subroutine

DEBUG CLS, "Remote button: "  ' Heading

SELECT remoteCode            ' Select message to display
CASE 0 TO 9
    DEBUG DEC remoteCode
CASE Enter
    DEBUG "ENTER"
CASE ChUp
    DEBUG "CH+"
CASE ChDn

```

```

        DEBUG "CH-"
CASE VolUp
    DEBUG "VOL+"
CASE VolDn
    DEBUG "VOL-"
CASE Mute
    DEBUG "MUTE"
CASE Power
    DEBUG "POWER"
CASE TvLast
    DEBUG "LAST"
CASE ELSE
    DEBUG DEC remoteCode, " (unrecognized)"
ENDSELECT

LOOP                                ' Repeat main DO...LOOP

' -----[ Subroutine - Get_Ir_Remote_Code ]-----

' SONY TV IR remote subroutine loads the remote code into the
' remoteCode variable.

Get_Ir_Remote_Code:

remoteCode = 0

#SELECT $stamp
#CASE BS2, BS2E, BS2PE
    DO                                ' Wait for end of resting state.
        RCTIME IrDet, 1, irPulse
    LOOP UNTIL irPulse > ThresholdStart
    PULSIN IrDet, 0, irPulse           ' Get data pulses.
    IF irPulse > ThresholdPulse THEN remoteCode.BIT0 = 1
    RCTIME IrDet, 0, irPulse
    IF irPulse > ThresholdEdge THEN remoteCode.BIT1 = 1
    RCTIME IrDet, 0, irPulse
    IF irPulse > ThresholdEdge THEN remoteCode.BIT2 = 1
    RCTIME IrDet, 0, irPulse
    IF irPulse > ThresholdEdge THEN remoteCode.BIT3 = 1
    RCTIME IrDet, 0, irPulse
    IF irPulse > ThresholdEdge THEN remoteCode.BIT4 = 1
    RCTIME IrDet, 0, irPulse
    IF irPulse > ThresholdEdge THEN remoteCode.BIT5 = 1
    RCTIME IrDet, 0, irPulse
    IF irPulse > ThresholdEdge THEN remoteCode.BIT6 = 1
#CASE BS2SX, BS2P
    DO                                ' Wait for start pulse.
        PULSIN IrDet, 0, irPulse
    LOOP UNTIL irPulse > ThresholdStart

```

```

PULSIN IrDet, 0, irPulse          ' Get data pulses.
IF irPulse > ThresholdPulse THEN remoteCode.BIT0 = 1
PULSIN IrDet, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > ThresholdPulse THEN remoteCode.BIT1 = 1
PULSIN IrDet, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > ThresholdPulse THEN remoteCode.BIT2 = 1
PULSIN IrDet, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > ThresholdPulse THEN remoteCode.BIT3 = 1
PULSIN IrDet, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > ThresholdPulse THEN remoteCode.BIT4 = 1
PULSIN IrDet, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > ThresholdPulse THEN remoteCode.BIT5 = 1
PULSIN IrDet, 0, irPulse
IF irPulse > ThresholdPulse THEN remoteCode.BIT6 = 1
#CASE #ELSE
  #ERROR "BASIC Stamp version not supported by this program."
#ENDSELECT

' Map digit keys to actual values.
IF (remoteCode < 10) THEN remoteCode = remoteCode + 1
IF (remoteCode = 10) THEN remoteCode = 0

RETURN

```

BASIC Stamp 2 Series Example - Multi-Digit Application

You can use the remote for keypad entry of values by replacing the DO...LOOP in IrRemoteButtonDisplay.bs2's main routine one shown below. It works for values from 0 to 65535; just type in the value on the digital keypad, then press the remote's ENTER key.

- √ Add this declaration to the IrRemoteButtonDisplay.bs2's Variables section:

```

value          VAR      Word          ' Stores multi-digit value

```

- √ Replace the DO...LOOP in IrRemoteButtonDisplay.bs2's main routine with the one shown below.
- √ Run the program and follow the Debug Terminal's prompts.

```

' Replace the DO...LOOP in the Main Routine with this one for multi-digit
' value acquisition (up to 65535). Value stored in value variable.

```

```

DEBUG CR, CR, "Type value from", CR, "0 to 65535,", CR,
      "then press ENTER", CR, CR

```

```

DO
  value = 0
  remoteCode = 0
DO
  value = value * 10 + remoteCode
DO
  GOSUB Get_Ir_Remote_Code
  IF (remoteCode > 9) AND (remoteCode <> Enter) THEN

```



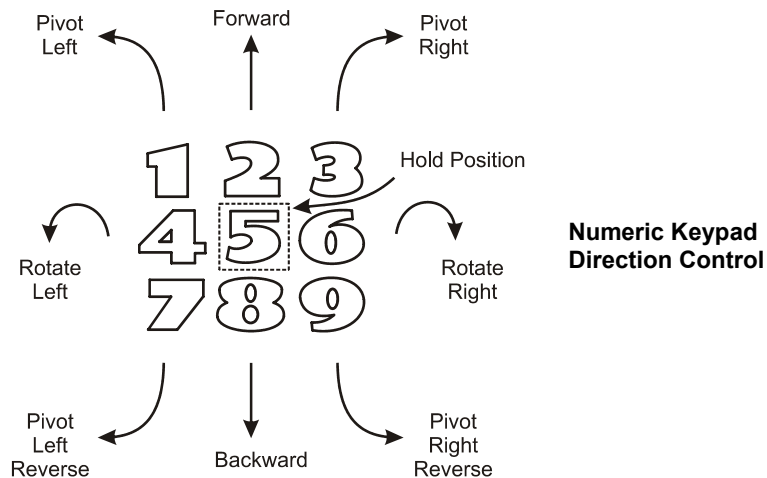
```

        DEBUG "Use digit keys or ENTER", CR
        PAUSE 300
    ELSE
        DEBUG "You pressed: "
        IF remoteCode = Enter THEN
            DEBUG "Enter", CR
        ELSE
            DEBUG DEC remoteCode, CR
        ENDIF
        PAUSE 300
    ENDIF
    LOOP UNTIL (remoteCode < 10) OR (remoteCode = Enter)
    LOOP UNTIL (remoteCode = Enter)
    DEBUG ? value, CR, "Ready for next value...", CR
LOOP

```

Boe-Bot Application for the BASIC Stamp 2

This next application requires a Boe-Bot robot with a BASIC Stamp 2 module which you will be able to control by pressing and holding the numeric keys to execute the maneuvers shown in the figure. In addition, you can use CH+ = forward, CH- = backward, VOL+ = rotate right, VOL- = rotate left.



The routine below is for a Boe-Bot robot with Parallax Continuous Rotation servos. Its left servo should be connected to P13, and its right servo connected to P12. If you have Parallax PM servos, use 500 in place of 650 and 1000 in place of 850 for the PULSOUT command duration arguments.

- √ Replace the DO...LOOP in the IrRemoteButtonDisplay.bs2's main routine with this one, run it, and operate the Boe-Bot with your remote. Have fun!

```

DEBUG CR, CR, "Press and hold digit", CR, "or CH+/-, VOL+/- keys", CR,
"to control the Boe-Bot..."

DO
  GOSUB Get_Ir_Remote_Code
  SELECT remoteCode
    CASE 2, ChUp                                ' Forward
      PULSOUT 13, 850
      PULSOUT 12, 650
    CASE 4, VolDn                                ' Rotate Left

```

```

        PULSOUT 13, 650
        PULSOUT 12, 650
CASE 6, VolUp          ' Rotate Right
        PULSOUT 13, 850
        PULSOUT 12, 850
CASE 8, ChDn          ' Backward
        PULSOUT 13, 650
        PULSOUT 12, 850
CASE 1                 ' Pivot Fwd-left
        PULSOUT 13, 750
        PULSOUT 12, 650
CASE 3                 ' Pivot Fwd-right
        PULSOUT 13, 850
        PULSOUT 12, 750
CASE 7                 ' Pivot back-left
        PULSOUT 13, 750
        PULSOUT 12, 850
CASE 9                 ' Pivot back-right
        PULSOUT 13, 650
        PULSOUT 12, 750
CASE ELSE              ' Hold position
        PULSOUT 13, 750
        PULSOUT 12, 750
ENDSELECT
LOOP

```

More Resources

These resources are available from www.parallax.com.

Lindsay, Andy. *IR Remote for the Boe-Bot, Student Guide, Version 1.0, California: Parallax, Inc., 2004.*

This book is discussed on the first page of this package insert.

Williams, Jon. *The Nuts and Volts of the BASIC Stamps, Volume 3, California: Parallax, Inc, 2003.*

Column #76: *Control from the Couch* introduces capturing and decoding SONY TV IR control signals with the BASIC Stamp 2SX (or 2p).

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